

**Example:** RigidGridMotion, ArbitraryGridMotion and IterativeOrTemporalData

The following is an example demonstrating the use of the rigid grid motion, arbitrary grid motion, and time-accurate data nodes in CGNS. The example is a 3-zone case. Zone 1 is rigidly rotating about the x-axis at a constant rate (there is no translation). Zone 2 is a deforming zone. Zone 3 is a fixed zone. This is a time-accurate simulation with 2 solutions saved at times 15.5 and 31.0 (corresponding to iteration numbers 1000 and 2000).

No units are given in this example, but a real case would establish them. Also, a real case would give connectivity, boundary condition, and possibly other information as well. Each indentation represents a level down (a child) from the parent node.

```
Base (CGNSBase_t)
  SimulationType (Descriptor_t) Data=TimeAccurate
  BaseIterativeData (BaseIterativeData_t) Data=NumberOfSteps=2
    TimeValues (DataArray_t) Data=(15.5,31.0)
    IterationValues (DataArray_t) Data=(1000,2000)

Zone#1 (Zone_t)
  GridCoordinates (GridCoordinates_t)
    CoordinateX (DataArray_t)
    CoordinateY (DataArray_t)
  RigidGridMotion#1(RigidGridMotion_t) Data=RigidGridMotionType=ConstantRate
    OriginLocation (DataArray_t) Data=(0,0,0), (0,0,0)
    RigidRotationAngle (DataArray_t) Data=(5.,0.,0.)
  RigidGridMotion#2(RigidGridMotion_t) Data=RigidGridMotionType=ConstantRate
    OriginLocation (DataArray_t) Data=(0,0,0), (0,0,0)
    RigidRotationAngle (DataArray_t) Data=(10.,0.,0.)
  ZoneIterativeData (ZoneIterativeData_t)
    RigidGridMotionPointers (DataArray_t) Data=( RigidGridMotion#1,
                                                RigidGridMotion#2)
    FlowSolutionPointers (DataArray_t) Data=(Soln#1, Soln#2)
  Soln#1 (FlowSolution_t)
    Density (DataArray_t)
    VelocityX (DataArray_t)
  Soln#2 (FlowSolution_t)
    Density (DataArray_t)
    VelocityX (DataArray_t)

Zone#2 (Zone_t)
  GridCoordinates (GridCoordinates_t)
    CoordinateX (DataArray_t)
    CoordinateY (DataArray_t)
  GridCoordinates#1 (GridCoordinates_t)
    CoordinateX (DataArray_t)
    CoordinateY (DataArray_t)
  GridCoordinates#2 (GridCoordinates_t)
    CoordinateX (DataArray_t)
    CoordinateY (DataArray_t)
  ArbitraryGridMotion#1 (ArbitraryGridMotion_t)
    Data=ArbitraryGridMotionType=DeformingGrid
  ArbitraryGridMotion#2 (ArbitraryGridMotion_t)
    Data=ArbitraryGridMotionType=DeformingGrid
  GridVelocityX (DataArray_t)
  GridVelocityY (DataArray_t)
  ZoneIterativeData (ZoneIterativeData_t)
    ArbitraryGridMotionPointers (DataArray_t)Data=( "ArbitraryGridMotion#1",
                                                    "ArbitraryGridMotion#2")
    GridCoordinatesPointers (DataArray_t) Data=("GridCoordinates#1",
```

```

                                "GridCoordinates#2")
    FlowSolutionPointers (DataArray_t) Data=("Soln#1","Soln#2")
Soln#1 (FlowSolution_t)
    Density (DataArray_t)
    VelocityX (DataArray_t)
Soln#2 (FlowSolution_t)
    Density (DataArray_t)
    VelocityX (DataArray_t)

Zone#3 (Zone_t)
    GridCoordinates (GridCoordinates_t)
        CoordinateX (DataArray_t)
        CoordinateY (DataArray_t)
    ZoneIterativeData (ZoneIterativeData_t)
        FlowSolutionPointers (DataArray_t) Data=("Soln#1","Soln#2")
Soln#1 (FlowSolution_t)
    Density (DataArray_t)
    VelocityX (DataArray_t)
Soln#2 (FlowSolution_t)
    Density (DataArray_t)
    VelocityX (DataArray_t)

```

#### NOTES:

- Under BaseIterativeData\_t, one can give either TimeValues, or IterationValues, or both. In the example, both have been given.
- The nodes NumberOfZones and ZonePointers are not required under the BaseIterativeData\_t node in this example because all existing zones are used for each time step.
- Under ArbitraryGridMotion, the GridVelocity data is optional. In the example, it was put under one of the nodes but not under the other. Hence, "ArbitraryGridMotion#1" in the example has no children nodes, while "ArbitraryGridMotion#2" does.
- The pointers under ZoneIterativeData\_t point to names of nodes within the same zone. Thus, for example, "Soln#1" refers to the flow solution named "Soln#1" in the same zone, even though there are flow solution nodes in other zones with the same name.
- The name "GridCoordinates" always refers to the ORIGINAL grid. Thus, when a grid is deforming, the deformed values must be put in GridCoordinates\_t nodes of a different name. In the example, the deformed grids (for Zone#2) at the two times of interest were put into "GridCoordinates#1" and "GridCoordinates#2".
- Because the node "ArbitraryGridMotion#1" doesn't really add any information in the current example (since it was decided not to store GridVelocity data under it), one has the option of not including this node in the CGNS file. If it is removed, then under Zone#2's "ZoneIterativeData", the ArbitraryGridMotionPointers" data would be replaced by:

```
Data = (Null, ArbitraryGridMotion#2)
```